

# ENVIRO-BEAM™ SPAN/LOAD TABLE

**EB10-1.5-54**

**10 " DEPTH**

Steel Shape <sup>1</sup> (2) 1000T150-54

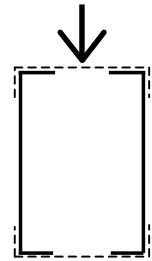
Steel thickness: 54 mil (0.0566 in - 16 ga)

Flange Width: 1.5 in

Section Properties: I: 15.76 in<sup>4</sup>  
S: 2.16 in<sup>3</sup>

Fy: 50 ksi

Max. Allowable Bending Moment <sup>6</sup> : Ma: 5382 lb-ft  
Max. Allowable Beam Shear: Va: 3255 lb



Span <sup>3</sup> (ft)	Maximum Allowable Uniformly Distributed Vertical Loads <sup>2</sup> Pounds per Lineal Foot (lb/ft)					Deflection Due to Critical Load (in)	
	Load Controlled by:			Critical Uniformly Distributed Load <sup>4,5,6,7</sup>	S, B or L/240	L/360	
	Shear	Bending <sup>6</sup>	Deflection L/240 L/360				
5	1302	1722	8125	5417	<b>1302</b>	0.04	
6	1085	1196	4702	3135	<b>1085</b>	0.07	
7	930	879	2961	1974	<b>879</b>	0.10	
8	814	673	1984	1322	<b>673</b>	0.14	
9	723	532	1393	929	<b>532</b>	0.17	
10	651	431	1016	677	<b>431</b>	0.21	
11	592	356	763	509	<b>356</b>	0.26	
12	543	299	588	392	<b>299</b>	0.31	
13	501	255	462	308	<b>255</b>	0.36	
14	465	220	370	247	<b>220</b>	0.42	
15	434	191	301	201	<b>191</b>	0.48	
16	407	168	248	165	<b>168</b>	0.54	0.53
17	383	149	207	138	<b>149</b>	0.61	0.57
18	362	133	174	116	<b>133</b>	0.69	0.60
19	343	119	148	99	<b>119</b>	0.77	0.63
20	326	108	127	85	<b>108</b>	0.85	0.67

\* Deflection controls for L/360 condition

Notes:

- Section designations and geometry are based on standard shapes defined by the Steel Stud Manufacturers Association (SSMA).  
Section properties are based on the 2001 NAS Specification.
- All loads are service loads
- Tables are extended to a maximum span/depth ratio of 24.
- Critical Load is the lowest uniform load capacity based on Bending, Shear or Deflection.
- Top and bottom tracks are required for proper stability of Enviro-Beam headers. Top and bottom tracks are not a part of the Enviro-Beam header and must be designed by a qualified professional and be properly fastened to the flanges of the Enviro-Beam.  
As a minimum, top and bottom tracks shall be at least the same gauge as the Enviro-Beam header.
- Bending capacities are based on the assumption that the compression flange is adequately laterally braced by a top track section.  
Lateral (wind or seismic) loads are assumed to be resisted by the top and bottom tracks and not by the Enviro-Beam header itself.
- When Enviro-Beam header is supported by bearing on steel studs, stiffened end is required to resist web crippling.  
When end support is by screwed side plate connectors, stiffened end is not required. See stiffened end detail.